- (3) Is assessed or enforced pursuant to an administrative proceeding or a civil action in the Federal Courts.
- (c) Consumer Price Index means the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor.

## § 506.3 Civil monetary penalty inflation adjustment.

The Commission shall, not later than October 23, 1996, and at least once every 4 years thereafter—

- (a) By regulation adjust each civil monetary penalty provided by law within the jurisdiction of the Commission by the inflation adjustment described in §506.4; and
- (b) Publish each such regulation in the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{FEDERAL}}$  REGISTER.

## § 506.4 Cost of living adjustments of civil monetary penalties.

- (a) The inflation adjustment under §506.3 shall be determined by increasing the maximum civil monetary penalty for each civil monetary penalty by the cost-of-living adjustment. Any increase determined under this subsection shall be rounded to the nearest:
- (1) Multiple of \$10 in the case of penalties less than or equal to \$100;
- (2) Multiple of \$100 in the case of penalties greater than \$100 but less than or equal to \$1,000;

- (3) Multiple of \$1,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$1,000 but less than or equal to \$10,000;
- (4) Multiple of \$5,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$10,000 but less than or equal to \$100,000;
- (5) Multiple of \$10,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$100,000 but less than or equal to \$200,000; and
- (6) Multiple of \$25,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$200,000.
- (b) For purposes of paragraph (a) of this section, the term 'cost-of-living adjustment' means the percentage (if any) for each civil monetary penalty by which the Consumer Price Index for the month of June of the calendar year preceding the adjustment, exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the month of June of the calendar year in which the amount of such civil monetary penalty was last set or adjusted pursuant to law.
- (c) Limitation on initial adjustment. The first adjustment of civil monetary penalty pursuant to §506.3 may not exceed 10 percent of such penalty.
- (d) Inflation adjustment. Maximum civil monetary penalties within the jurisdiction of the Federal Maritime Commission are adjusted for inflation as follows:

United States Code Citation	Civil Monetary Penalty description	Current max- imum penalty amount	New adjusted maximum pen- alty amount
46 U.S.C. app. sec. 817d	Failure to establish financial responsi-	5,500	6,000
	bility for death or injury.	220	1 2 2 0
46 U.S.C. app. sec. 817e	Failure to establish financial responsi-	5,500	6,000
	bility for non-performance of transportation.	220	<sup>1</sup> 220
16 U.S.C. app. sec. 876	Failure to provide required reports, etc.—Merchant Marine Act of 1920.	5,500	6,000
46 U.S.C. app. sec. 876	Adverse shipping conditions/Merchant Marine Act of 1920.	1,100,000	1,175,000
46 U.S.C. app. sec. 876	Operating after tariff or service contract suspension/Merchant Marine Act of 1920.	55,000	60,000
46 U.S.C. app. sec. 1710a	Adverse impact on U.S. carriers by foreign shipping practices.	1,100,000	1,175,000
46 U.S.C. app. sec. 1712	Operating in foreign commerce after tariff suspension.	55,000	60,000
46 U.S.C. app. sec. 1712	Knowing and willful violation/Shipping Act of 1984 or Commission regulation or order.	27,500	30,000
46 U.S.C. app. sec. 1712	Violation of Shipping Act of 1984, Com- mission regulation or order, not know- ing or willful.	5,500	6,000
31 U.S.C. sec. 3802(a)(1)	Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act/giving false statement.	5,500	6,000